

中央警察大學 109 學年度學士班二年制技術系入學考試試題

系別：各系

科目：英文

注	1.本試題共 40 題，第 1 至 20 題為單一選擇題；第 21 至 40 題為多重選擇題(答案卡第 41 至 80 題空著不用)。
意	2.單一選擇題：每題 2 分，所列的四個備選答案，其中只有一個是正確或最適當的，將正確或最適當的答案選出，然後用 2B 鉛筆在答案卡上同一題號答案位置的長方格範圍塗黑。答對者每題給 2 分；答錯者倒扣 1/3 題分；不答者以零分計。
事	3.多重選擇題：每題 3 分，所列的五個備選答案，至少有一個是正確或最適當的，將正確或最適當的答案選出，然後用 2B 鉛筆在答案卡上同一題號答案位置的長方格範圍塗黑。答對者每題給 3 分；答對每一選項者，各獲得 1/5 題分；答錯每一選項者，各倒扣 1/5 題分；完全不答者以零分計。
項	4.本試題共 5 頁。

一、單一選擇題：(每題 2 分，共 40 分)

1. The Coast Guard Administration is responsible for the _____ rescue and emergency services.
(A) dimension (B) command (C) maritime (D) finance
2. Since their primary practical goal was to reduce crime _____, police long believed that they were in the business of crime prevention.
(A) victimization (B) affluent (C) implement (D) affordable
3. With the outbreak of corona virus, how to control this spreading disease has become a major _____ around the world.
(A) attack (B) policing (C) examination (D) concern
4. Two suspects were picked up by the police because their motorcycle's _____ was captured by a CCTV camera.
(A) size (B) plate number (C) dealer (D) license
5. For flight safety, explosive items are _____ on the aircraft.
(A) prohibited (B) entrenched (C) evaluated (D) implemented
6. Please step out of the car for a _____ test.
(A) blowing (B) breathtaking (C) breath (D) breathalyzer
7. The police took all the _____ camera footage around the area for the murder case.
(A) innovative (B) chaotic (C) surveillance (D) renewable

8-12 題，閱讀測驗：請根據題意，選擇一個最適當的答案。

The key to understanding organized crime is to recognize that, like corporations and other businesses, it exists for a single purpose: to make a profit in a capitalist economy. The key difference between organized crime and “legitimate” businesses is that organized crime often makes much of its profit from illicit goods and services, and organized crime is prepared to use illegal means and practices, including violence, to achieve its profit-making goals. Like legal businesses, organized crime also seeks to gather and harness political power to assist in the conduct of its business. Once again, however, organized crime is prepared to pursue that goal, if necessary, through recourse to illegal methods. Actual violence is rare in organized crime activities, and is usually related to street-level activities. While violence is bad for business, the potential for violence is often enough to give organized crime networks a distinct advantage in the marketplace.

8. According to the passage, the author discusses?
- (A) illicit enterprise and profit-making
 - (B) organizational strategy of a legitimate corporation
 - (C) violent interactions among corporations
 - (D) organizational structure of organized crime groups
9. Based on the passage, which statement is correct?
- (A) There is no difference between organized crime and legal businesses.
 - (B) Actual violence is usually used by organized crime networks to occupy market.
 - (C) Political power can help organized crime to pursue illegal profits.
 - (D) Organized crime will use political power to pursue benefits, but corporation won't.
10. Organized crime often makes much of its profit from?
- (A) charity
 - (B) loan-sharking, gambling and pornography
 - (C) big data analysis of market
 - (D) state-run businesses
11. According to the passage, which statement is **incorrect**?
- (A) Making a profit is the purpose for organized crime.
 - (B) Making a profit is the purpose for legal corporation.
 - (C) Even violence is not good for business, it is still helpful to organized crime networks.
 - (D) Organized crime usually attempts to accumulate and use political power, by legal approaches, to assist in the conduct of its business.
12. The word "**advantage**" in the last sentence most nearly means?
- (A) handicap
 - (B) hindrance
 - (C) burden
 - (D) benefit
13. Jackson was _____ for burglary because he broke into someone's house.
- (A) assaulted
 - (B) arrested
 - (C) violated
 - (D) rioted
14. Without a(n) _____, you can't come into my office to search.
- (A) warrant
 - (B) citation
 - (C) application
 - (D) evidence
15. As vessels sail close to the coast, mariners can use peculiar targets in land as a landmark to _____.
- (A) navigate
 - (B) negotiation
 - (C) neglect
 - (D) newsstand

16-20 題，段落填空。

There is little doubt that the current wave of globalization has resulted in new 16 flows and networks, some of which have had criminogenic consequences that have generated new 17 concerns. The 18 of people, money, information, and commodities has provided new opportunity for criminal activities. Many countries are finding that their 19 to deliver order and safety is increasingly 20 by global forces.

- 16.(A) cross-border (B) firecracker (C) expensive (D) enforce
17.(A) intoxication (B) familiarity (C) security (D) alongside
18.(A) assuming (B) comparison (C) undertaking (D) mobility
19.(A) random (B) capacity (C) debate (D) smuggling
20.(A) smuggled (B) undermined (C) arrested (D) economic

二、多重選擇題：(每題 3 分，共 60 分)

21. Community policing is arguably the single most extended _____ in policing worldwide.
(A) stable (B) paradigm
(C) amuse (D) pattern
(E) model
22. Cooperative structures that _____ the exchange of information between police agencies were first established at the beginning of the 20th century.
(A) gentle (B) flexible
(C) facilitate (D) enable
(E) promote
23. It is difficult to prevent all accidents. It is unlikely to be totally _____ natural disasters.
(A) free from (B) immune to
(C) exempt from (D) make from
(E) keep from
24. The National Rescue Command Center shoulders a very important and huge mission in _____ peoples' lives and properties.
(A) unwilling (B) overwhelming
(C) expressing (D) safeguarding
(E) protecting
25. Analysis of fingerprints is probably the most _____ use of forensic science.
(A) exclude (B) famous
(C) well known (D) restore
(E) eminent
26. If the victim's actions helped the offender commit the crime, then changes in victim behavior should assist in _____ the crime.
(A) preventing (B) impeding
(C) existing (D) hindering
(E) hampering

27. Domestic violence often _____ high level of police calls-for-service.
(A) generates (B) causes
(C) gives rise to (D) incidents
(E) incidence
28. Arrest remains an important _____ in controlling repeat domestic violence.
(A) distinguish (B) tool
(C) method (D) extinguish
(E) approach
29. Guns in the hands of criminals and juveniles are crime facilitators that are of great _____ to police departments.
(A) worry (B) enjoy
(C) concern (D) anxiety
(E) legal
30. The gangsters were _____ during a police raid in a night club.
(A) busted (B) accused
(C) caught (D) premeditated
(E) apprehended
31. The DNA evidence was _____ because of improper handling process.
(A) suspended (B) destroyed
(C) hurt (D) tainted
(E) granted
32. All his money _____ missing.
(A) went (B) was
(C) gone (D) be
(E) not
33. Select the sentences that are written grammatically correctly.
(A) There are 10 detectives in my unit, including my son.
(B) There are 10 detectives in my unit, my son included.
(C) There are 10 detectives in my unit, inclusive of my son.
(D) There are 10 detectives in my unit, my son is including.
(E) There are 10 detectives in my unit, my son is included.
34. Both Mary and I teach at Central Police University, so we are _____.
(A) soulmates (B) colleagues
(C) directors (D) co-workers
(E) bosses
35. Smith finally _____ stealing his father's watch.
(A) talked (B) considered
(C) owned up to (D) admitted
(E) confessed to
36. Several studies found that police rapid response had little _____ on clearance rate.
(A) preservative (B) effect
(C) influence (D) impact
(E) primitive

37. Whenever and wherever disasters and accidents _____, they can engage in rescue operation at first minute.
- (A) formula (B) take place
(C) happen (D) occur
(E) random
38. The public police of every country are the _____ of the peculiar social, economic, and political history of that country.
- (A) result (B) steep
(C) outcome (D) consequence
(E) hesitation
39. There is a range of methods that can be applied to the comparative study of policing, which can be _____ as case studies or statistical analysis.
- (A) sloped (B) classified
(C) episode (D) vanished
(E) categorized
40. The government may lack the _____ to control its territory and maintain social order.
- (A) competence (B) considerate
(C) capacity (D) capability
(E) ability